

IV Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, September/October 2021 (CBCS) (Fresh + Repeaters) (2015 – 16 and Onwards)

COMMERCE

Paper - 4.3: Advanced Corporate Accounting

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Instruction: Write only in Kannada or in English.

SECTION - A

Answer any five sub-questions. Each sub question carries 2 marks.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

1. a) Who is a contributory?

b) What are the grounds for compulsory winding up of the company?

c) What are the types of preference shares?

d) Who is a liquidator?

e) What are the methods for calculation of purchase consideration?

f) State the meaning of Social Accounting.

g) What is accounting standards?

SECTION - B

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 6 marks

 $(3 \times 6 = 18)$

2. The purchasing company has agreed to issue 8000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each at a premium of 10%.

500 8% preference shares of Rs. 100 each at a premium of 10%.

Rs. 20,000 in cash.

Calculate purchase consideration.

- 3. A company had 5,000, 6% redeemable preference shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid. These shares were due for redemption on 31st March 2019 at a premium of 10%. To carry out the redemption the company issued 1,250 equity shares of Rs. 100 each at a premium of 7.5%. The company had a balance of Rs. 25.000 in securities premium account and Rs. 4,87,500 in profit and loss account. Pass necessary journal entries.
- 4. The following particulars relate to a limited company which has gone in to voluntary liquidation.

Preferential creditors

Rs. 10,000

Unsecured creditors

Rs. 32,000

Debentures

Rs. 10,000

The assets realised the following sum. Land and buildings

Rs. 20,000

Plant and Machinery

Rs. 18,650

Fixtures and fittings

Rs. 1,000

The liquidation expenses amounted to Rs. 1,000. You are required to prepare the liquidators final statement of Account allowing for his remuneration at 2% on the amount realised, 2% on the amount distributed to unsecured creditor other than preferential creditors.



5. The following is the Balance Sheet of Mysore Sandal Ltd. as on 31-3-2020.

•	Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
	13% cumulative preference	1,00,000	Fixed assets	15,00,000
	shares of Rs. 100 each	Transfer of the Control of the Contr	Current assets	35,00,000
	Equity shares of Rs.10 each	7,00,000	Profit and Loss Account	3,00,000
	8% debentures	3,00,000		
	Current liabilities	39,00,000		
	Provision for taxation	3,00,000		
		53,00,000		53,00,000

The following scheme of reconstruction was adopted.

- 1) All existing equity shares are reduced to Rs. 5 each.
- 2) All preference shares are reduced to Rs. 75 each.
- 3) Fixed assets are to be written down by $33\frac{1}{3}$ %.
- 4) Current assets are to be revalued at Rs. 27,00,000. Pass necessary journal entries.
- 6. State the significance of Accounting Standards in India.

SECTION - C

 $(3 \times 14 = 4)$

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 14 marks.

7. On 1-4-2020 A Ltd. and B Ltd. were Amalgamated into C Ltd. On the basis of the following Balance Sheet.

21.00 0				The second second
A Ltd.	B Ltd.	Assets		B Ltd.
2.24,000	1,75,000	Goodwill	80,000	32,000
a tender for the second section that	6,000	Buildings	50,000	60,000
	12.000	Plant	41,000	10,000
		Stock	42,000	33,000
,000	.,	Debtors	23,000	40,000
				22,000
2.48.000	1,97,000		2,48,000	1,97,000
		A Ltd. 2,24,000 1,75,000 6,000 8,000 12,000 11,000	A Ltd. B Ltd. Assets 2,24,000 1,75,000 Goodwill 5,000 6,000 Buildings 8,000 12,000 Plant 11,000 4,000 Stock Debtors Cash	A Ltd. B Ltd. Assets A Ltd. 2,24,000 1,75,000 Goodwill 80,000 5,000 6,000 Buildings 50,000 8,000 12,000 Plant 41,000 11,000 4,000 Stock 42,000 Debtors 23,000 Cash 12,000

Additional information:

1) Buildings of both the companies to be written down by 10%.

2) Provide 5% Reserve for bad and doubtful debts on debtors of both the companies.

3) Goodwill is valued at Rs. 46,500 for A Ltd. and Rs. 15,000 for B Ltd.

 Entire amount of purchase consideration was discharged by the allotment of equity shares in C Ltd.

5) C Ltd. agrees to tax over the remaining assets and liabilities at book values.

Calculate purchase consideration and necessary ledger accounts in the books of 'A' Ltd. and B Ltd.



8. The following was the Balance Sheet of Amarnath Ltd. as on 31-3-2020 when it was wound up voluntarily.

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
50,000 Equity shares		Plant and Machinery	4,00,000
of Rs. 10 each	5,00,000	Furniture	1,000
2000 6% cumulative preference		Investments	50,000
shares of Rs. 100 each	2,00,000	Stock	50,000
7% Debentures	1,00,000	Debtors	2,00,000
Sundry creditors		Cash	1,200
trade	3,00,000		0000
Cash	48,000	Profit and Loss Account	4,47,800
Outstanding	2,000		+
_	11,50,000		11,50,000

Preference dividends are in arrears for one year. Debenture interest is also due for one year. All the outstanding creditors are preferential. The assets realised as follows.

Plant and Machinery 2,80,000, Furniture 400, Debtors 1,50,000. The stock and investments realised nothing. The expenses of liquidation amounted to Rs. 2,000. The liquidator is entitled to a commission of 4% on the assets realised and 2% on the amount paid to unsecured creditors. Prepare the liquidators statement of accounts.

9. Balance Sheet of Kushanth Ltd. As on 31-3-2020 is as follows.

Liabilities	Amount Assets	Amount
19,000 shares of Rs. 100 each	19,00,000 Land and Buildings	1,00,000
Creditors	1,00,000 Machinery	2,60,000
Debentures	1,00,000 Furniture	20,000
	Stock	3,70,000
61	Debtors	1,80,000
	Goodwill	2,00,000
	Profit and Loss Account	
· ·	21.00.000	21.00.000

The company is to be reconstructed as follows.

1) Shares of Rs. 100 are to be reduced to all equal number of fully paid shares of ₹ 40 each.

2) To issue 1000 new shares of Rs. 40 each as fully paid up to debenture holders in full settlement.

3) The amount available is to be utilised in writing off the goodwill and profit and loss account and the balance in writing down the value of machinery.

4) Authorised capital of the company is 20,000 shares of Rs. 100 each. Pass necessary journal entries.

Prepare capital Réduction Account and Reconstructed Balance Sheet.

10. 'C' company was agreed to be acquire by 'M' company on 31-3-2020. On this date the Balance Sheet of the 'C' company was as follows.

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
Share capital 45,000		Land and Buildings	3,50,000
shares of Rs. 10 each	4,50,000	Furniture	30,000
General reserve	3,00,000	Machineries	5,60,000
Profit and Loss Account	1,40,000	Stock	80,000
5% debentures	1,10,000	Debtors	36,000
Dividend equalisation fund	40,000	Cash Balance	4,000
Creditors	20,000		
	10,60,000		10,60,000



M company having decided to acquire all the assets and liabilities of 'C' company valued the assets as follows. It was decided to acquire current assets at book values and fixed assets at the following values.

Rs. 4,00,000 Land and Building Rs. 20,000 **Furniture** Rs. 6,00,000 Machineries Rs. 60,000 Value of Goodwill

The purchase consideration is payable ½ in shares and Balance in cash. The absorption expenses of Rs. 5,000 was paid by the 'M' company in addition

to purchase consideration.

Prepare purchase consideration necessary ledger accounts and journal entries in the books of 'M' company.

11. The following is the Balance Sheet of Joshna Ltd. on 31-3-2020.

The following is the Balance Sheet Liabilities 20,000 8% Redeemable preference shares of Rs.10 each 40,000 7% redeemable	2,00,000	Assets Fixed assets Investment Stock Debtors	Amount 8,00,000 2,00,000 80,000 1,20,000
preference shares of Rs.10 each Rs. 5 paid up	2,00,000	Bank	4,00,000
40,000 Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid Securities premium General Reserve Capital Reserve Profit and Loss A/c	4,00,000 1,60,000 1,20,000 1,40,000 1,80,000 2,00,000		
Current liabilities	16,00,000		16,00,000

On 1-4-2020 the company redeemed both the preference shares at a premium of 10%. In order to pay off the preference shareholders. The company issued 50,000 Equity shares of ₹ 10 each at 5% premium.

Pass Journal entries and prepare Balance Sheet.

ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಐದು ಉಪಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ. ಪ್ರತಿ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ 2 ಅಂಕಗಳು.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

- 1. a) ವಂತಿಕೆದಾರರು ಎಂದರೆ ಯಾರು ?
 - b) ಕಂಪನಿಯನ್ನು ಕಡ್ಡಾಯವಾಗಿ ಮುಕ್ತಾಯಗೊಳಿಸಲು ಇರುವ ಆಧಾರಗಳು ಯಾವುವು ?
 - c) ಆದ್ಯತೆಯ ಷೇರುಗಳ ವಿಧಗಳು ಯಾವುವು ?
 - d) ವಿಸರ್ಜನಾಧಿಕಾರಿ ಎಂದು ಯಾರನ್ನು ಕರೆಯುತ್ತಾರೆ?
 - e) ಖರೀದಿ ಪರಿಗಣನೆಯ ಲೆಕ್ಕಾಚಾರದ ವಿಧಾನಗಳು ಯಾವುವು?
 - f) ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಲೆಕ್ಕ ಪತ್ರ ಎಂದರೇನು ?
 - g) ಲೆಕ್ಕ ಪತ್ರ ಮಾನದಂಡಗಳು ಎಂದರೇನು ?